

SUBJECT & PREDICATE

**Grammar**

**主语 & 谓语**

**主语定义：**

**主语是句子的主体，是一句话所叙述的对象，一般放在句首。主语主要由名词、代词、数词、动词-ing形式，不定式等充当。**

**主语分类：**

**名词作主语**

* **Professor Zhang** is a famous scientist. 张教授是著名的科学家。

**代词作主语**

* **No one** can answer this question. 没有人能回答这个问题。

**数词作主语**

* **One third of the students** in this class are girls. 这个班1/3的学生是女生。

**名词化的形容词作主语**

* **The rich** should help the poor. 富人应该帮助穷人。

**动词-ing形式作主语**

* **Swimming** is good for you. 游泳对你有好处。

**不定式作主语**

* **To master English** is useful. 掌握英语是有用的。

**从句作主语**

* **Whether she will go or not** is still a question. 仍不知道她是否会去。

**谓语定义：**

**谓语表示主语所做的动作或具有的特征或状态，表明主语是什么、做什么或处于什么状态；通常放在主语之后，由动词充当。**

**谓语分类：**

**简单谓语：**由行为动词或者短语动词充当。如：

Yesterday afternoon he **reached** Shanghai. 昨天下午他到达上海。

Mary **received** her physics degree in 2015. 玛丽在2015年获得物理学位。

**合成谓语：**由“助动词/情态动词+行为动词”或“系动词+表语”构成。

* 助动词/情态动词+行为动词

He **has caught** a bad cold. He has to go to see a doctor. (助动词)

他患了重感冒，必须去看医生。

You **may keep** the book for two weeks. (情态动词)

这本书你可以借两周。

* 系动词+表语

在系表结构中，系动词只是形式上的谓语，真正起谓语作用的是表语。

We **are students.** 我们是学生。

He **looked a bit excited.** 他看上去有点激动。

**主谓一致：**

主谓一致指人称和数方面的一致关系。可分为:语法一致，内容一致，就近一致。

如: He is going abroad.

They are playing football.

**语法一致**

主语为单数，谓语用单数，主语为复数，谓语也用复数。如：

**They are** students. 他们是学生。

**His father is** a doctor. 他父亲是一位医生。

**意义一致**

取决于主语所表达的内在含义。主语形式虽为单数，但在意义上却为复数，谓语动词应采取复数形式。主语形式虽为复数，但在意义上视为单数，谓语动词应采取单数形式。如：

**Twenty dollars is** too dear. 二十美金太贵了。

**His family are** watching TV. 他全家人正在看电视。

**就近原则**

谓语动词根据它前面最邻近的名词或代词或者其他词的数的形式，来决定其自身的数的形式。如：

No one except **his own supporters agree** with him. 除了他自己的支持者以外，谁也不同意他的意见。

Neither you nor **your bother has** **passed** the exam. 你和你弟弟考试都没及格。

**练习**

1. About 60 percent of the students \_\_\_\_\_ from the south, the rest of them \_\_\_\_\_ from the north and foreign countries.

A. are/is   B. are/are　 C. is/are   D. are

2. Half of the workers here \_\_\_\_\_ under 30 \_\_\_\_\_.

A. is/years      B. are/year old   C. is/years old   D. are/years of age

3. Now Tom with his classmates \_\_\_\_\_ football on the playground.

A. play     B. are playing　 C. plays    D. is playing

4. The number of pages in this dictionary \_\_\_\_\_ about two thousand.

A. are      B. has　   C. have     D. is

5. Thirty dollars \_\_\_\_\_ too expensive.

A. are      B. is     C. were     D. be

6. The audience \_\_\_\_\_ so large that no seat was left unoccupied in the great hall.

A. is     B. are      C. was     D. has

7. The secretary and principal \_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting now.

A. are speaking   B. is speaking

C. were making a speech  D. have a speech

8. "If anybody \_\_\_\_\_, please put down \_\_\_\_\_ name," said the teacher to the monitor.

A. wants to buy the book/his    B. want to buy the book/their

C. will buy the book/one's      D. wants to have the book bought/her

9. Nothing but one desk and six chairs \_\_\_\_\_ in the room.

A. are    B. is stayed     C. is      D. are left

10. Having arrived at the station， \_\_\_\_\_.

A. it was found that the train had left

B. the train had left

C. the train was found left

D. he found that the train had left

11. Between the two roads \_\_\_\_\_ a TV tower called "Skyscraper Tower".

A. stands        B. standing     C. which stands   D. stand

12. Either of you \_\_\_\_\_ going there tonight.

A. will     B. was     C. is       D. are

13. You as well \_\_\_\_\_ right.

A. I are      B. I am     C. as I am    D. as I are

14. All but Dick \_\_\_\_\_ in Class Three this term.

A. are     B. is       C. were     D. was

15. -- Shall I wait here for three hours?

--Yes. Three hours \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to wait for such a doctor.

A. are not very long for you

B. is not long enough for you

C. was not long enough for you

D. will be too long for you

16. Where to get the materials and how to get them \_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting.

A. have not discussed     B. have not been discussed

C. has not discussed      D. has not been discussed

17. I took mathematics and physics because I think that \_\_\_\_\_ very important for me to make further research in this field.

A. what is    B. they are     C. this       D. which are

18. Every student and every teacher \_\_\_\_\_.

A. are going to attend the meeting   B. have attended the meeting

C. has attended the meeting          D. is attended the meeting

19. Three fourths of the bread \_\_\_\_\_ by Bob, and the rest of the bread \_\_\_\_\_ left on the table.

A. was eaten/were    B. were eaten/was　 C. were eaten/were   D. was eaten/was

20. This pair of shoes \_\_\_\_\_.

A. is her      B. is hers　 C. are hers    D. are her